## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS TYLER DIVISION

SMARTFLASH LLC and	§	
SMARTFLASH TECHNOLOGIES	§	
LIMITED,	§	
PLAINTIFFS,	§	
	§	Case No. 6:13-cv-00447-KNM
V.	§	
	§	
APPLE INC., ROBOT	§	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
ENTERTAINMENT, INC.,	§	
KINGSISLE ENTERTAINMENT,	§	
INC., and GAME CIRCUS, LLC,	§	
	§	
	§	
<b>DEFENDANTS.</b>	§	
	§	

## JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Pursuant to the Court's Fourth Amended Docket Control Order (Dkt. No. 303), the following parties submit this Joint Case Management Plan: Plaintiffs Smartflash LLC and Smartflash Technologies Limited ("Smartflash" or "Plaintiffs"), and Defendants Apple Inc. ("Apple"), and Game Circus LLC ("Game Circus") (Apple and Game Circus collectively, "Defendants").

## 1. List the correct names of the parties to the action.

Plaintiffs and Counter-Defendants:

- 1) Smartflash LLC
- 2) Smartflash Technologies Limited

Defendants and Counter-Claimants:

- 3) Apple Inc.
- 4) Game Circus LLC

# 2. List any related cases pending in any state or federal court. Include the case numbers, the courts, and how they are related, including the patents involved.

- Smartflash LLC et al v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. et al, Case No. 6:13-cv-00448-KNM, Eastern District of Texas. Plaintiffs are also the plaintiffs in this related case.
   The patents asserted in this related case are also asserted here.
- 2) Smartflash LLC et al v. Google, Inc. et al, Case No. 6:14-cv-00435-KNM, Eastern District of Texas. Plaintiffs are also the plaintiffs in this related case. The patents asserted here are also asserted in this related case. U.S. Patent No. 8,794,516, which is an additional patent related to the patents asserted here, but which has not been asserted in this case, is also asserted in this related case.

## 3. Briefly summarize in three (3) pages or less: (a) What this case is about, and (b) Each claim or defense.

## • Smartflash's Description of the Case

This is a patent infringement lawsuit. Smartflash alleges that Defendant Apple directly and indirectly infringes U.S. Patent No. 7,334,720 ("the '720 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 7,942,317 ("the '317 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 8,033,458 ("the '458 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 8,061,598 ("the '598 patent"), U.S. Patent No. 8,118,221 ("the '221 patent"), and U.S. Patent No. 8,336,772 ("the '772 patent"). Smartflash alleges that Defendant Game Circus indirectly infringes the '221 patent and the '772 patent. Smartflash further alleges that Apple's infringement is and has been willful. Defendants allege that Smartflash's patents are invalid and that they do not infringe Smartflash's patents. Smartflash seeks both pre-verdict and post-verdict damages up to the time of judgment to compensate Smartflash for Defendants' infringement, but in no event less than a reasonable royalty, as well as injunctive relief against future acts of infringement by Defendants under 35 U.S.C. § 283. In the alternative, Smartflash contends that

any denial of a permanent injunction should be conditioned on payment of reasonable royalties for future infringement. Smartflash also seeks pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284, and attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285, as well as treble damages against Apple. Further summarization of information about the issues of the case and the parties' contentions regarding the same can be found in the Proposed Joint Pretrial Order, Dkt. No. 302.

### • Defendants' Description of the Case

Smartflash is currently asserting 19 claims against Apple, which include five independent claims and 14 dependent claims (independent claims in boldface):

- U.S. Patent No. 7,334,720 ("the '720 patent"), claims 1, 13, 15;
- U.S. Patent No. 7,942,317 ("the '317 patent"), claim 18;
- U.S. Patent No. 8,033,458 ("the '458 patent"), claims 8, 10, 11;
- U.S. Patent No. 8,061,598 ("the '598 patent"), claims 2, 15, 31;
- U.S. Patent No. 8,118,221 ("the '221 patent"), claims 2, 11, 32; and
- U.S. Patent No. 8,336,772 ("the '772 patent"), claims 5, 10, **14**, 22, 26, 32.

Smartflash contends that Apple is directly and indirectly infringing these claims by making, using, selling, offering to sell and/or importing into the United States the patented devices in their products and/or by the use of the patented methods in their products. Smartflash alleges that app maker Game Circus induces infringement of claims 2 and 11 of the '221 patent and claims 5, 10, 14, and 22 of the '772 patent, when Game Circus' end-users download and install Game Circus apps or make in-app purchases using those apps. These patents generally relate to a portable data carrier or a computer network for storing and managing access to data by, for example, validating payment information. Smartflash also contends that Apple's infringement is

willful. Smartflash contends that it is entitled to damages as a result of Apple's and Game Circus's infringement.

Apple and Game Circus deny that they are infringing for several reasons including, for example, because of Smartflash's inconsistent application of "payment data," because the accused products and processes do not use "use rules," because the accused products and processes do not use "use status data," and because of the doctrine of divided infringement. Game Circus further denies that it infringes because (1) the accused games are given away as free downloads without any payment validation, (2) all content is available for free, (3) the accused games do not contain code to "retrieve" content from a data supplier in response to payment validation as required by the Asserted Claims, and (4) the accused games do not operate in a way to "control access" to content stored in non-volatile memory in response to payment validation as required by the Asserted Claims.

Apple and Game Circus further contend that the claims of the patents are invalid under §§ 101, 102, 103, and 112.

Apple and Game Circus also contend that Smartflash's damages calculations are flawed for several reasons, including because they (1) rely on deficient surveys; (2) use an improper methodology when relying on those deficient surveys; and (3) fail to appropriately apportion damages, including by improperly relying on the entire market value rule. Apple also contends that Smartflash's damages claims are improper because of laches and equitable estoppel. Further summarization of information about the issues of the case and the parties' contentions regarding the same can be found in the Proposed Joint Pretrial Order, Dkt. No. 302.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Game Circus' MSJ [Doc. 265].

# 4. State the progress made toward settlement, and the present status of settlement negotiations by providing the information set out below:

# A. Describe the possibilities for a prompt settlement or resolution of the case that were discussed in the Rule 26(f) meeting.

There is a low likelihood of a settlement between Smartflash and Apple. Settlement between Smartflash and Game Circus is possible.

#### • Defendants' Further Statement

Smartflash did not attempt to discuss its infringement claims prior to bringing suit. At the time of the Rule 26(f) conference, the parties had insufficient information regarding one another's claims to have meaningful settlement discussions.

## B. Describe what each party has done or agreed to do to bring about a prompt resolution of the case.

Smartflash has mediated multiple times with each party. Smartflash and Apple Inc. have participated in two mediations (in March and November 2014) with Hon. Robert Faulkner (Ret.) in an attempt to settle the case. Discussions remain ongoing with Game Circus.

#### Smartflash's Further Statement

Smartflash's effort to bring about a prompt resolution of the case is further evidenced by the fact that it reached a settlement with former defendants KingsIsle Entertainment Incorporated, Robot Entertainment, Inc., and Bonus XP, Inc. *See* Dkt. Nos. 191, 192, 209, 210; *see also* Case No. 6:14-cv-00435-KNM Dkt. Nos. 96, 97.

#### C. State whether a demand and an offer have been made.

At least one demand and offer has been made by each party.

## 5. State whether a jury demand has been made and if it was made on time.

A jury demand was timely made on May 29, 2013. See Dkt. No. 2.

#### 6. List all pending motions.

<b>Docket Number</b>	Motion
200	Defendants' Motion to Amend/Correct Patent Rule 3-3 Invalidity
	Contentions
265	Game Circus's Motion for Summary Judgment
266	Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment of Invalidity Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 101
267	Apple's Motions for Summary Judgment of No Willful Infringement and No Indirect Infringement
269	Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment Regarding Indefiniteness
270	Defendants' Motion for Summary Judgment of Invalidity Under Sections 102, 103
271	Apple's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment of Non-Infringement
272	Defendants' Motion for Partial Summary Judgment of Non-Infringement
276	Smartflash's Motion to Strike the Expert Report of Dr. Stephen Becker
277	Smartflash's Motion to Strike Portions of the Expert Report of Anthony Wechselberger
278	Defendants' Motion to Exclude Expert Opinion Testimony from Plaintiffs' Technical Expert Dr. Mark Jones
279	Defendants' Motion to Exclude Robert Mills Expert Opinion Testimony Pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 403 and 702
280	Defendants' Motion to Exclude Expert Opinion Testimony Related to Surveys Pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 403 and 702
317	Plaintiffs' Motion to Enforce Compliance with <i>O2 Micro</i> , or in the Alternative, to Resolve Manufactured Claim Construction Disputes that Defendants Intend to Argue to the Jury
325	Agreed Joint Motion for Leave to Increase the Limit for Exhibit Designations

# 7. Certify that all parties have filed Disclosure of Interested Persons as directed in paragraph 2 of the Scheduling Order, listing the date of the original and any amendments.

All parties filed Certificates of Interested Persons on November 4, 2013, as directed by the Court's Scheduling Order. *See* Dkt. Nos. 49, 51, 53. There have been no amendments.

DATED: December 5, 2014.

### Respectfully submitted,

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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing document was filed electronically in compliance with Local Rule CV-5(a). As such, this document was served on all counsel who have consented to electronic service on this 5th day of December, 2014. Local Rule CV-5(a)(3)(A).

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